

Latin Diction

Pronunciation Guide for *Lord Nelson Mass*

1. Five Vowels:

a	as in <u>f</u> ather	phonetic symbol: a
e	as in <u>l</u> et	phonetic symbol: e
i	as in <u>m</u> ee <u>t</u>	phonetic symbol: i
o	as in <u>o</u> pen	phonetic symbol: B
u	as in <u>mo</u> on	phonetic symbol: u

2. Nine diphthongs:

ai, ay	Laicus	pronounced: la i kus
ou	coutuntur	pronounced: kB u tun tur
au	laudamus	pronounced: la u da mus
eu	euntes	pronounced: e un tes
ei	mei	pronounced: me i
ua	tua	pronounced: tu a
ui	tui	pronounced: tu i
uae	tuae	pronounced: tu e
uo	tuo	pronounced: tu B

3. Consonants:

b, d, f, k, l, m, n, p, q, s, t, v r soft c, g hard c, g gn h j soft sc hard sc ti th w x y z	are treated as in English flipped for single or double r when followed by e, i, y, ae, oe (cedat, sufficit, pange, ecce, coeli, regina) when followed by a, o, u or consonants (sanctus, ergo, sicut, gloria) similar to the ni in onion (agnus, magna, magnificat) is silent (except sounded as k in mihi, nihil) pronounced as y is pronounced (sh) before e, i (ascendit, suscipe, florescit) pronounced sk before o and u (schola, ingemisco, vobiscum) followed by a vowel and preceded by any letter except s, t, x is pronounced ts (gratias, etiam, justitia) is pronounced as a hard t, as in catholicam occurs when ua, ue, ui, uo are preceded by q or ng (qui, quam, quoniam) may be voiced (gz) or unvoiced (ks) voiced: when prefix ex begins a word and is followed by a vowel or h (exalto, exaudi, exhibeo, examine) is pronounced as the vowel i (Kyrie) is pronounced dz
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